$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Math~312/~AMS~351~(Fall~'17)}\\ {\bf Midterm~1} \end{array}$

September 26, 2017

1. Prove that if x is not equal to 1 and n is any positive integer then $x^{\pm 1} = 1$

$$1 + x + x^{2} + \dots + x^{n} = \frac{x^{n+1} - 1}{x - 1}.$$

2. a) Prove that no number of the form 4k + 3 can be written as a sum of two squares.

b) Show that a number n is divisible by 9 iff the sum of its digits is divisible by 9. Give an example of this criterion for a number with 4 digits.

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3. Show that there exist infinitely many primes of the form 3k+2.

4. Solve the following equations i) $3x + 2 \equiv x + 4 \mod 9$

ii) $6x + 2 \equiv 4 \mod 9$

iii) $x \equiv 2 \mod 5$ and $x \equiv 3 \mod 7$

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5. i) Compute $7^{66} \mod 120$.

ii) Prove that for any a and n > 2, the last two digits of a^n can not be 30.