

MAT126.R02: QUIZ 4

SOLUTIONS

Evaluate the following integrals:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(a)} \int_1^4 \sqrt{x} \ln x \, dx &= \ln x \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \Big|_1^4 - \int_1^4 \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln 4 \frac{2(4)^{3/2}}{3} - 0 - \frac{2}{3} \int_1^4 x^{1/2} dx = \\ &= \frac{16 \ln 4}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \Big|_1^4 = \frac{16 \ln 4}{3} - \frac{4}{9} \left(\frac{2(4)^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{2(1)^{3/2}}{3} \right) = \frac{16 \ln 4}{3} - \frac{56}{27} = \\ &= \frac{144 \ln 4 - 56}{27} \end{aligned}$$

integration by parts using $u = \ln x$ and $dv = \sqrt{x} dx$, that is $du = \frac{1}{x} dx$
and $v = \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(b)} \int \tan^{-1} x \, dx &= x \tan^{-1} x - \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} x \, dx \\ \text{integration by parts using } u &= \tan^{-1} x \text{ and } dv = dx, \text{ so that } du = \\ \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx \text{ and } v &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Then, } \int \frac{1}{1+x^2} x \, dx = \int \frac{1}{u} \frac{1}{2} du = \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C = \frac{1}{2} \ln |1+x^2| + C$$

using the substitution $u = 1+x^2$ and $du = 2x dx$

$$\text{Answer: } x \tan^{-1} x - \frac{1}{2} \ln |1+x^2| + C$$