

# AMS261 Practice Final 2

*Note: All oriented surfaces are given their “natural” orientation.*

- Let  $f(x, y) = 9x^2 - 2x + 4y^2 - y$  and  $R = \{\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} \leq 1\}$ .
  - Does  $f$  necessarily have an absolute max or min on  $R$ ? Explain.
  - Find all critical points of  $f$  in the interior of the region  $R$ .
  - Classify each of the critical points as relative maximum, minimum, or a saddle point where applicable.
  - Find the absolute max/min value of  $f$  on region  $R$ .
  - Let  $R' = \{\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} \leq 1.0001\}$ . Estimate the absolute max/min value of  $f$  on  $R'$ .
- Let  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = yze^{xyz}\hat{i} + xze^{xyz}\hat{j} + xye^{xyz}\hat{k}$  and let  $C = \{x^2 + y^2 = a^2, z = 0\}$  oriented by the right hand rule with respect to  $\hat{k}$ .
  - Find the curl of  $\vec{F}$ .
  - Is  $\vec{F}$  conservative? Explain.
  - Find the work done by the  $\vec{F}$  on a particle that starts from the point  $(1, 0, 0)$  and goes around  $C$  exactly once along the orientation.
- Let  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = xz\hat{i} + yz\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ , let  $S = \{x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = b^2, 0 \leq z\}$ . Find the flux of  $\vec{F}$  through  $S$ .
- Let  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = xyz\hat{k}$ , let  $S = \{z = 9 - y^2, 0 \leq y \leq 2, 0 \leq x \leq c\}$ .
  - Find  $\nabla \times \vec{F}$
  - Find the flux of  $\nabla \times \vec{F}$  through the surface  $S$ .
- Let  $\vec{F}(\vec{r}) = 2\vec{r}$ 
  - Find the divergence of  $\vec{F}$ .
  - Consider the following integral:
$$\int_0^b \int_0^{d/2} \int_0^{d-y} dx dy dz$$
where  $b$  and  $d$  are positive real numbers. Sketch the region of integration and evaluate the integral.
  - Find the flux of  $\vec{F}$  through the surface bounding the region in the previous part.