## MAT 142 Problem Set #4

due in class on February 17, 2005

- 1. Apostol, section 6.17 # 16-18, 21, 28, 29
- 2. Apostol, section 6.22 # 3, 4, 6, 36, 37, 43
- 3. Prove that for any number, x, and any positive number, a,  $\ln a^x = x \ln a$ .
- Frove that for any number, x, and any positive number, a, ln a<sup>x</sup> = x ln a.
  Prove that from any real number, r, d/dx x<sup>r</sup> = rx<sup>r-1</sup>.
  Compute ∫ 1/(ax<sup>2</sup> + bx + c) dx. Hint: You will need to break this problem up into cases depending on the number of roots of ax<sup>2</sup> + bx + c = 0.
  Prove that e = lim<sub>x→0</sub> (1 + x)<sup>1/x</sup>. Hint: Compute ln'(1) and interpret this derivative as a limit.

Although it is not part of the assignment, I would strongly recommend that everyone do as many of the following problems as time allows:

- 7 Apostol, section 6.17 # 21–34
- 8 Apostol, section 6.22 # 12–25, 29–46

Also, there are no partial fractions problems on this week's homework. I have postponed them until next week.