# Practice Problems for the Early Exam <br> MAT 131 <br> Sept 10, 2011 

Name:
ID \#:
(please print)

No notes, books or calculators.
The actual test will contain fewer problems than given in this exam; however, the difficulty of each problem will be similar to the ones here.

1. Simplify the following expressions:

- $\left(\frac{2 x^{2} y^{1 / 2}}{x^{3} y^{-1}}\right)^{3}$
- $\frac{a-b}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}$
- $\frac{x^{2}+3 x+2}{x+2}$

2. Sketch the graphs of the following functions, marking $x$ and $y$ intercepts

- $f(x)=x^{3}+1$
- $y=\sin (2 x)-1$
- $y=3 \cdot 2^{-x}$

3. Write the function $u(x)=e^{x-2}$ as a composition: $u=f \circ g$
4. Find $\tan (22 \pi / 3)$ (please give an exact answer, not an approximation).
5. The half-life of bismuth- 10 is 5 days. If initially we have a 100 g sample of bismuth-210, answer the following questions
(a) Find the amount remaining after 15 days
(b) Find the amount remaining after $t$ days
(c) How many days will it take for the amount of bismuth to reach 1 gram? (You can write the answer as a formula, using exponents, logarithms and any other functions you know.)
6. For each of the following functions, find its domain, range and determine whether it is one-to-one or not. If it is, compute the inverse function and find its domain and range.

- $f(x)=\sqrt{3-e^{x}}$
- $g(x)=x^{2}-2 x$

7. Write $\ln \left(3^{5} 4^{-3}\right)$ in terms of $a=\ln (3), b=\ln (2)$.
8. Solve for $x$

$$
\ln \left(x^{2}-1\right)=0
$$

