

**Corrections and Clarifications to
Basic Real Analysis, Digital Second Edition**

Page 2, line –16. Change “subtraction” to “negative”.

Page 2, line –15. Delete “or difference”.

Page 2, line –14. Insert after “respective cuts” the clause
“, and the negative of a cut r is the set of all rationals q such that there exists a rational $q' > 0$ with $-q - q'$ not in r ”.

Page 3, line 7. Change “Then $-x$ is” to “Then $-\sup_{x \in -E} x$ is”.

Page 8, proof of (c), line 2. Change “choose $N \geq n_{l-1}$ ” to “choose $N > n_{l-1}$ ”.

Page 8, proof of (c), line 3. Change “choose $n_l > n_{l-1}$ ” to “choose $n_l \geq N$ ”.

Page 8, line –1. Change “finitely many a ” to “finitely many n ”.

Page 11, proof of Theorem 1.10, line –2. Change “ $\delta_{x_{n_k}} \geq \frac{1}{2}\delta_{x'}(\frac{\epsilon}{2})$ ” to
“ $\delta_{x_{n_k}}(\epsilon) \geq \frac{1}{2}\delta_{x'}(\frac{\epsilon}{2})$ ”.

Page 22, line –10. Change “Choose” to “Arguing by contradiction, choose”.

Page 22, line –9. Change “. Then” to “, and then”.

Page 22, line –8. Change “ $\sup_n K_n$ in \mathbb{R}^* ” to “ $\sup_n K_n = +\infty$ in \mathbb{R}^* ”.

Page 22, line –1. Change “ $1 + M_{x_0}$ is a uniform bound for the functions f_n ” to “ $1 + M_{x_0}$ is a (finite) uniform bound for the functions f_n , contradiction”.

Page 23, line –5 of proof of (a). To simplify the notation, change “ $\delta'/2$ ” to “ δ' ” in two places.

Page 24, line 6 of EXAMPLE. Change “ x is in the closed interval $[a, b]$ and t is in the open interval (a, b) ” to “ x and t are distinct members of the closed interval $[a, b]$ ”.

Page 30, lines 2 and 3 of REMARKS. For easier reading, change “ $\int_b^a f dx = -\int_a^b f dx$ when $b < a$ ” to “ $\int_a^b f dx = -\int_b^a f dx$ when $a > b$ ”.

Page 30, proof of Lemma 1.27, lines 3 and 4. Change “the larger of the numbers of times c occurs in P_1 and P_2 ” to “one less than the sum of the number of times that c occurs in P_1 and the number of times that c occurs in P_2 ”.

Page 35, lines 2 to 4. Delete the sentence “It follows . . . say by M .”

Page 35, line 4. Change “ $|f(x)| \leq M$ ” to “ $|f(x)| \leq M_N + 1$ ”.

Page 39, proof of Theorem 1.35, line 5. Change “types” to “kinds” for consistency of terminology.

Page 40, line 11. Change “ ϵ ” to “ 3ϵ ” in the middle, and change “ 3ϵ ” to “ 4ϵ ” at the right end.

Page 40, line 13. Change “ 3ϵ ” to “ 4ϵ ”.

Page 40, line 15. Change “ 3ϵ ” to “ 4ϵ ” twice.

Page 40, line 16. Change “ 3ϵ ” to “ 4ϵ ”.

Page 40, first line of last display. Change “ $|U(P, f) - \overline{\int_a^b f dx}|$ ” to
“ $|\overline{\int_a^b f dx} - U(P, f)|$ ” for easier reading.

Page 41, line –3. Change “ $\max\{\operatorname{Re} w, \operatorname{Im} w\}$ ” to “ $\max\{|\operatorname{Re} w|, |\operatorname{Im} w|\}$ ” on both sides of the inequality.

Page 45, lines 12–13. Change “see examples both where the limit is identically 0 and where it is” to

“see convergent examples where this limit is identically 0 and where this limit is”.

Page 45, line –5. Change “ $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n z^n$ ” to “ $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |c_n z^n|$ ”.

Page 46, line –5. Change “of f ” to “of f about $x = a$ ”.

Page 48, line –5. Change “ $\epsilon G(z) + \epsilon F(z)$ ” to “ $\epsilon F(z) + \epsilon G(z)$ ” for parallelism with the previous line.

Page 50, just before Corollary 1.43. Insert a one-sentence paragraph saying, “With Corollary 1.42 in place, we define $a^z = e^{z \log a}$ for $a > 0$ and $z \in \mathbb{C}$.”

Page 51, line –8. Change “ $[0, 2\pi)$ ” to “ $[0, 2\pi)$ and $x_1 \geq x_2$ ”.

Page 51, lines –7 and –6. Change “ $(-2\pi, 2\pi)$ ” to “ $[0, 2\pi)$ ”.

Page 58, line –17. Change “ $|\sigma_k - s| \leq \epsilon^2$ ” to “ $|\sigma_k - s| < \epsilon^2$ ”.

Page 60, lines –12 and –10. Change “ $\delta \leq x \leq 1$ ” to “ $\delta \leq |x| \leq 1$ ”.

Page 61, line 1. Change “ $Q(cx)$ ” to “ $Q(cx)$ on $[0, 1]$ ”.

Page 86, line –2 of (2). Change “the Hermitian inner product” to “the real part of the Hermitian inner product”.

Page 113, line 5 of the proof of Theorem 2.42. Change “Choosing $R = R_0$ ” to “Choosing $R_0 \geq R$ ”.

Page 190, line 5 of proof in the middle of the page. Change

“ $\left| \sum_{j=1}^m |\gamma'(t_j)|(t_j - t_{j-1}) - \int_{a'}^{b'} |\gamma'(t)| dt \right| < \epsilon$ ” to

“ $\left| \sum_{j=1}^m |\gamma'(t_j)|(t_j - t_{j-1}) - \int_{a'}^{b'} |\gamma'(t)| dt \right| < \epsilon$ ”.

Page 190, line 10 of proof in the middle of the page. Change

“ $\left| \sum_{j=1}^m |\gamma'(t_j)|(t_j - t_{j-1}) - \int_{a'}^{b'} |\gamma'(t)| dt \right| < \epsilon$ ” to

“ $\left| \sum_{j=1}^m |\gamma'(t_j)|(t_j - t_{j-1}) - \int_{a'}^{b'} |\gamma'(t)| dt \right| < \epsilon$ ”.

Page 191, two lines below “(††)” change the left member of the inequality from

“ $|\ell(\gamma_{[a', b']}) - \int_{a'}^{b'} |\gamma'(t)| dt|$ ” to “ $|\ell(\gamma_{[a', b']}) - \int_{a'}^{b'} |\gamma'(t)| dt|$ ”.

Page 201, line 1. Change “ q by a piecewise” to “ p by a piecewise”.

Page 554, proof of Proposition 11.17. The phrase “it follows that $\mathcal{B}_0(X) \times \mathcal{B}_0(Y) \subseteq \mathcal{B}_0(X \times Y)$ ” in the first sentence of the proof needs some justification. Thus replace the first sentence of the proof with the following paragraphs:

“If K_X and K_Y are compact G_δ ’s in X and Y , then $K_X \times K_Y$ is a compact G_δ in $X \times Y$. Consequently $K_X \times K_Y$ is a member of $\mathcal{B}_0(X \times Y)$. More generally let K_X and L_X be compact G_δ ’s in X with $L_X \subseteq K_X$, and let K_Y and L_Y be compact G_δ ’s in Y with $L_Y \subseteq K_Y$. Then $(K_X - L_X) \times (K_Y - L_Y)$ is a member of $\mathcal{B}_0(X \times Y)$.”

“We need to observe that if $\mathcal{K}_0(X)$ is the collection of all finite disjoint unions in X of sets $K - L$, where K and L are compact sets of type G_δ in X with $L \subseteq K$, then $\mathcal{K}_0(X)$ is a ring of sets. To verify this observation, one argues exactly as in the proof of Lemma 11.2. A similar observation applies to Y , and we conclude that every set $E \times F$ with E in $\mathcal{K}_0(X)$ and F in $\mathcal{K}_0(Y)$ is in $\mathcal{B}_0(X \times Y)$.”

“Fix a member E of $\mathcal{K}_0(X)$. The class of subsets F of Y for which $E \times F$ is in $\mathcal{B}_0(X \times Y)$ is a monotone class that contains all members of $\mathcal{K}_0(Y)$. Since $\mathcal{K}_0(Y)$ is a ring of sets, the Monotone Class Lemma (Lemma 5.43) allows us to conclude that the class contains $\mathcal{B}_0(Y)$. A second application of the Monotone Class Lemma shows that every set $E \times F$ with E in $\mathcal{B}_0(X)$ and F in $\mathcal{B}_0(Y)$ is in $\mathcal{B}_0(X \times Y)$. We can therefore conclude that $\mathcal{B}_0(X) \times \mathcal{B}_0(Y) \subseteq \mathcal{B}_0(X \times Y)$.”

Page 593, line 10. Change “closed sets in Y ” to “closed sets in \mathbb{R} ”.

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